How Ripose works with information



What is information?

<u>Information</u> can be viewed as being just one of the <u>artifacts</u> of the business specific artifacts. <u>Claude Shannon</u> (according to one source) *developed "information theory"* about the limits on signal processing operations such as compressing, storing and communicating data. Its application in technical communication mechanisms, including the internet, is largely taken for granted by enterprise, system and software architects.

There are probably 2 reasons why 'information theory' was probably sidelined and why <u>enterprise architects</u> and <u>information technologists</u> have taken it for granted. The first being '<u>entropy</u>' – but more specifically as it is applied to information as 'the measure of unpredictability of information content' and the second, the problem of trying to interpret what message a signal contains.

To try to simplify this conundrum I have developed a matrix which subdivides 'information' into 3 phases and 11 distinct classes. It also shows how the Ripose Technique and especially the 6 <u>Ripose information architects</u> (RA actor) manipulates and <u>translates</u> (via processes) 'information' (via input and output messages) whilst interacting with various <u>business</u> operatives (other actors):

1) Information phase - Conceptual

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Information	Actors		Input	Process	Output messages
class	Architect	Operative	messages		
Business	RA1	CEO CFO	Ideas	Joint	Goals
objectives		COO CCO	Goals	enterprise	1 purpose statement
		CIO CAO		modelling	4 benefits
		СТО			11 values
			11 values		SWOT rankings
			SWOT		~ 99 measures
			rankings		Objectives presentation
Knowledge	RA2		SWOT	Knowledge	Corporate knowledge
			rankings	crafting	model (CKM)
			Measures		
			Generic		
			knowledge		
			model		
Strategies	RA3	CAO	CKM	Strategy	<u>Strategies</u>
				crafting	Tactics
Documentation	RA1-3	CIO CAO	Business	Creative	Proof of concept
			objectives	writing	
			CKM		Strategies presentation
			Strategies		Programme plans

2) Information phase - Logical

Information	Actors		Input	Process	Output messages
class	Architect	Operative	messages		
Facts	RA4	Various	Programme plans CKM Attributes	Joint requirements modelling	Corporate data model (CDM)
Data base	RA5	-	CDM]	Data bases
Project	RA3 & 5	CIO CAO ProjMgrs	Data bases		Project plans
Applications	RA6	Various	Project plan Data bases		Pseudo code Function point counts (FPC)
			Project plan FPC	Project plan revisions	Project plans
Documentation	RA5-6	CIO CAO	CDM Project plans	Creative writing	Proof of logic Subject overviews Presentation

3) Information phase - Physical

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Information	Actors		Input	Process	Output messages
class	Architect	Operative	messages		
Information	Software	ProjMgrs	Project plans	Rapid	Screens
systems		RA6	Data bases	application	Reports
			Pseudo code	prototyping	Data streams
	Testers	ProjMgrs	Screens	Testing	Systems tested
		RA3 & 6	Reports		applications
		various	Data streams		
			Systems	Creative writing	Operating
			tested apps		instructions
		Script		Testing	Stress tested
		coders			applications
Infrastructure	Domain	CTO	Stress tested	Deployment	Operational systems
technology		various	apps		

Thank you for your attention and I trust that this has been of some assistance to you.

Charles Meyer Richter Principal information architect Ripose Pty Limited charles.richter@ripose.com